



# 940nm 25mW VCSEL Diode with Photodiode VP-0940C-025M-3B-2A0

VP-0940C-025M-3B-2A0 consists of two chips, one VCSEL and one photodiode chip, incorporated into in one 3030 package (Cu/Ag).

#### **Features**

- Single wavelength
- High sensitivity photodiode with coated bandpass filter
- Low wavelength drift
- Oxide isolation technology
- Low threshold current
- High reliability

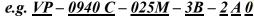
## **Applications**

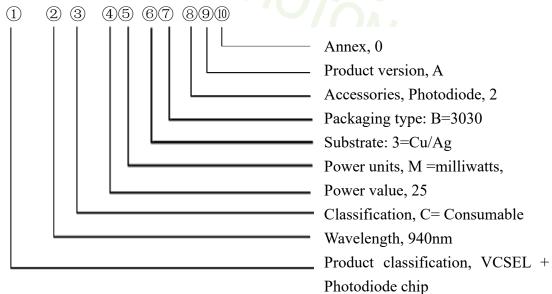
- Proximity sensors
- Lidars
- Laser Curtain
- Particulate matter sensors
- Medical applications
- Laser distance meter
- Axial optical cables
- Temperature measurement

#### PRODUCT IDENTIFY

Part Number	Description		
VP-0940C-025M-3B-2A0	940nm 25mW VCSEL Diode with Photodiode		

#### **CODE RULES**







## I. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Case Operating Temperature	Тор	-25 to 60	°C
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to 85	°C
Reflow Soldering Temperature	Tsdr	180°C(10s)	°C
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5	V
Maximum Continuous Current	Imax	40	mA
ESD exposure (Human body) model	ESD	1K	V

#### Note:

- 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or other conditions above those indicated in the operations section for extended periods of time may affect reliability.
- 2. In its maximum rating diode laser operation could damage its performance or cause potential safety hazard such as equipment failure.
- 3. Electrostatic discharge is the main reason for the laser fault of the diode. Take effective precautions against ESD. When dealing with laser diodes, use the wrist strap, grounding work surface and strict antistatic technology.

# II. Optical-electrical characteristics

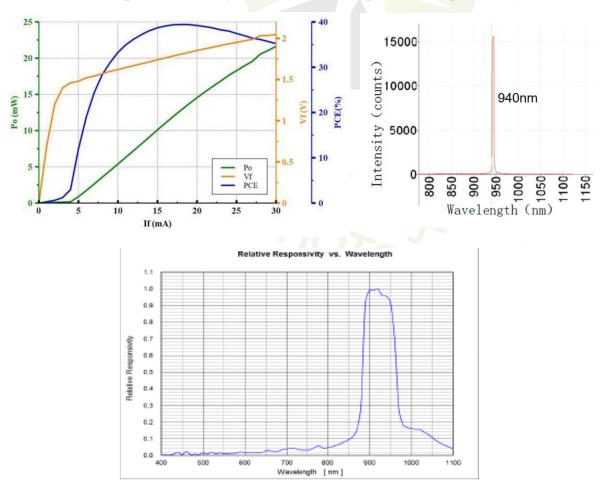
Paran	neters	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
		@25°C CW mode					
Optical Po	wer Output	Po	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA	7	25	30	mW
Threshole	d Current	$I_{TH}$	-	/ (- )/	45	-	mA
Slope Ef	ficiency	η	Po =40mW		0.64	-/	mW/mA
Power Co		PCE	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA	-	28	-	%
Peak Wa	velength	$\lambda_{ ext{P}}$	$I_F = 40 \text{mA}$	930	940	950	nm
Laser Forw	ard Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA	-	2.6	-	V
Series Re	esistance	$R_S$	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA	-	76		Ω
Emissi	on area	-	-	-	72*62	-	um
D 1	(1/e^2)	-	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA	-	20	-	Degree
Beam angle	FWHM	-	-	-	-	-	Degree
Wavelength shift		$\partial \lambda_P / \partial T$	I <sub>F</sub> =40mA		-	0.07	nm/°C
Soldering temperature		-	Cu/Ag	-	-	180(10s)	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$



Photodiode					
Forward Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$	$I_F=10\text{mA}$ , $Ee=0\text{mW/cm}^2$		1.2	V
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$ m V_{BR}$	I <sub>BR</sub> =10uA, Ee=0mW/cm <sup>2</sup>		33	V
Reverse Dark Current	$I_D$	$V_R=10V$ , $Ee=0$ m $W$ /cm $^2$		5	nA
Responsivity	$I_L$	V <sub>R</sub> =3V, @940nm		0.6	A/W
Peak Sensing Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathrm{p}}$	$V_R=3V$		940	nm
Total Capacitance	$C_{\mathrm{J}}$	$V_R=5V$ , $F=1MHz$		1.1	pF
Substrate			Cu/Ag		

**Note:** Electro-Optical Characteristic with a package or diffuser would require further evaluation. Values are based on limited sample size and estimated values.

## III. LIV Graph, Wavelength and Relative spectral responsivity



#### **Note:**

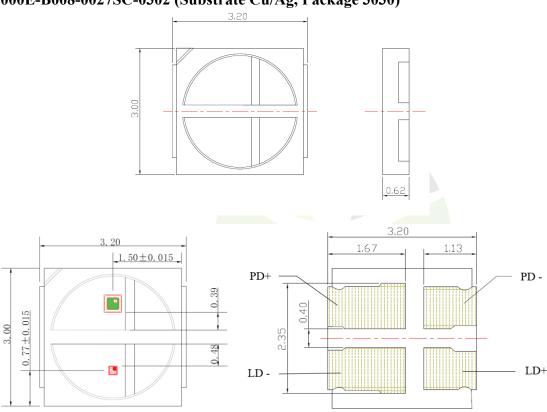
1. LIV graph was measured at 25 °C (left); power output, voltage, and power conversion efficiency variation trend with changed operating temperature (right, normalized).



- **2.** Forward Voltage  $(V_F)$  measurement allowance is  $\pm 0.1$  V.
- 3. Peak Wavelength ( $\lambda_P$ ) measurement allowance is  $\pm 1.5$  nm.
- 4. Others measurement allowance is  $\pm 10\%$ .

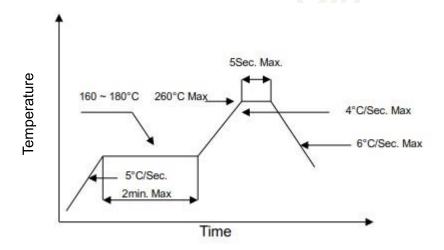
## IV. Mechanical Schematics (unit: mm)

### LP000E-B008-0027SC-0302 (Substrate Cu/Ag, Package 3030)



**Note:** There may be some changes between sample and drawing, thus, the actual spec please refer to the sample that you received. And if any question please contact us.

# V. SMT reflow soldering curve



Note: Reflow soldering can be operated only one time. During the temperature ramp-up, no forces



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may be exerted on the LP which could deform or damage them. After soldering completed, please also do not process until the product temperature ramp down to room temperature.

## VI. Treatment and protection measures

#### **Soldering precautions**

For Cu/Ag substrate, the temperature of soldering iron must be controlled under 180°C during manual soldering. Also, VCSEL can be only soldered one time with the soldering time less than 3s. But, It is very hard to control the soldering temperature and homogenize solder paste because of the smaller size of VCSEL. In addition, it is easy to damage VCSEL structure even causes VCSEL losing efficacy. So, we advise you to use re-flow soldering machine for operation.

#### Storage precautions

Our products were sealed by aluminum foil bag attaching packed desiccant, they are moisture proof and anti-static. Please handle these gently to avoid damage. At the same time, please be ready for storage and take some moisture-proof measures to keep VCSEL away from dampness that may causes reliability failure.

Before opening, VCSEL must be kept below 30°C with below 60% RH. Recommend for use within 90 days.

After opening, VCSEL must be kept in an environment that temperature lower than 30°C and humidity lower than 60% RH and used up within 24 hours. When the storage humidity reaches and exceeds 60%, the products must be dehumidified at 60 °C for more than 24 hours before use.

#### **Others**

- 1. Please use solder paste to cure the laser diode.
- 2. Please make sure that the heat of LP has been completely conducted to metal shell, to avoid affecting the optical power output.
- 3. This LP can be only used in constant voltage and current.
- 4. Operating voltage and current, refer to the table in paragraph II.
- 5. Please do not aim the laser to people or animal.
- 6. You can observe the laser spot through an image monitoring equipment.
- 7. Please do not touch LP surface by naked hands or squeeze the sealant on LP surface, or it may cause wrong optical angle and distorted laser spot, even damage the LP.
- 8. Please use ceramic suction nozzle to absorb the LP, so as to avoid LP sticking to the nozzle.
- 9. Please add a 0.02 s blowing action after locating the laser diode to aluminum substrate.

## VII. Revision history



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Revision Date		Description		
V.01	2021/08/19	The first official edition		

<sup>\*\*</sup>BrightLaser reserves the right to make modification at any time due to improved design from time to time, the merit behind is in order to supply the best product possible.

Laser diode product components are intended for use in a user-devised end system. However, these products are capable of emitting laser radiation. Extreme care must be exercised during their operation. Only persons familiar with the appropriate safety precautions should operate a laser product. Directly viewing the laser beam or exposure to specular reflections must be avoided. Serious injury may result if any part of the body is exposed to the beam. The eye is extremely sensitive to the infrared radiation and therefore, proper eye wear must be worn at all times. Use of optical instruments with these products may increase eye hazard. Always wear eye protection when operating.



